SUGGESTIONS FOR LOUISIANA HOMEOWNERS CONTRACTING FOR REPAIR OF DISASTER DAMAGE

- 1. Contact your insurance carrier. Document all damage before undertaking repairs.
- 2. Hire only licensed or registered contractors.
 - Residential building contractors performing work having a cost of \$50,000 or more are required to be licensed by the Louisiana State Contractor Licensing Board. Such contractors are required to maintain worker's compensation insurance and general liability insurance of in the minimum amount of \$100,000.
 - Persons performing home improvement services having a cost of more that \$7,500 are required to be registered with, and approved by, the Contractor Licensing Board.
 - Persons performing mold remediation also are required to be licensed by the Contractor Licensing Board
 - Verify the contractor's licensing or registration by calling the Contractor Licensing Board at 225-765-2301 or by searching the Board's website database, http://www.lslbc.state.la.us/findcontractor.asp.
- 3. Shop around.
 - Get at least three written bids or estimates.
 - Give each bidding contractor a specific and detailed description of the scope of the work, preferably in writing.
 - Be sure to compare apples to apples -i.e., be sure the bids are based on the same scope of work, materials, and time for performance.
 - Discuss bids in detail with each contractor, making certain you understand the reasons for any variations in the prices.
 - Be sure you understand the work that is included in the contractor's bid and the work that is not.
 - Do not automatically choose the lowest price. A contractor's bid might be higher because it includes higher quality materials, or because his workmanship is of better quality, requiring more time and labor.
- 4. Obtain and check references.
 - Get at least three references and contact them to discuss satisfaction with the contractor's performance on the key issues of cost, quality, and timeliness. If possible, visit and inspect prior work.

- Contact the Better Business Bureau and State Licensing Board to determine if there are any complaints against contractors under consideration.
- Investigate whether contractor belongs to any professional associations which sets standards or has a code of ethics.

5. Require a written contract.

- Read and understand the contract before signing. Do not sign until you understand all terms completely.
- State law requires that every home improvement contract in excess of \$7,500 seventy-five hundred be in writing. Further, such contracts are required to include:
 - ➤ The complete agreement between the owner and contractor and a clear description of any other documents which are incorporated into the agreement.
 - The full name(s), address(es), and the registration number of the contractor.
 - A detailed description of the work to be done and the materials to be used in performing the contract.
 - ➤ If a lump sum contract, the total amount agreed to be paid for the work.
 - ➤ If a cost-plus or a time-and-materials contract, an approximation of the total amount expected to be borne by the owner.
- Contract should require that work be performed in accordance with all applicable building codes.
- Contract should express all the obligations the contractor is and is not undertaking.
- Changes to the work additions, modifications, or deletions that result in a change in the contract price or contract time should be documented in a writing signed by the owner and contractor (a "change order").
- Agree in advance on a mechanism for the pricing of "change orders" e.g., contractor's actual cost plus a percentage of that cost.

6. Payment Terms.

- If a deposit is required, pay 10 % down or \$1,000, whichever is less.
- Do not pay in cash.
- Do not pay for work which has not been completed.

- Keep records of payments.
- Final payment should be withheld until work has been completed and deemed acceptable, and all inspections and certifications are performed or obtained.
- 7. Insurance. There are three types of insurance to be considered: (1) Worker's Compensation, which covers the statutory benefits due contractor's injured workers; (2) Commercial General Liability (CGL), which covers personal injury and property damage caused by contractor; and, (3) Builder's Risk, which covers loss or damage to the work while under construction.
 - Many contractors, particularly smaller contractors, do not carry insurance.
 - If a contractor does not carry insurance, the owner of the property may be at risk for loss or damage caused by the contractor or the benefits due the contractor's employees injured on the owner's property.
 - Check you homeowner's policy to determine what risks associated with the work are covered.
 - If a contractor does not carry builder's risk, consider whether the cost of owner-purchased builder's risk is justified.
 - Obtain certificates of insurance and verify that the policies are in force before the contractor begins work.
- 8. Require contractor to obtain building permits from local authorities where required.
 - Most local governments require permits for the construction, addition, or alteration of a building to assure compliance with the building code. As a rule of thumb, changing the structure of a building or its mechanical (plumbing, gas) and electrical systems requires a permit.
 - When a permit is required, the contractor should be required to produce the permit prior to commencing work or receiving any money
 - Generally, all repairs must meet current building code requirements.

HOMEOWNER CHECKLIST

(COMPLETE PRIOR TO ENGAGING CONTRACTOR)

1.	CONTRACTOR INFORMATION
	NAME:
	ADDRESS:
	PHONE:
2.	WILL A BUILDING PERMIT BE OBTAINED? YES NO
	IF NO, WHY NOT?
3.	WILL WORK BE INSPECTED BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS? YESNO
	IF NO, WHY NOT?
4.	DOES CONTRACTOR HAVE INSURANCE?
	BUILDER'S RISK? YES NO
	BUILDER'S RISK CARRIER:
	POLICY NUMBER:
	CARRIER/AGENT TELEPHONE No.:
	COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY)? YES NO
	CGL CARRIER:
	POLICY NUMBER:
	CARRIER/AGENT TELEPHONE No.:
	WORKER'S COMPENSATION? YES NO
	WORKER'S COMP CARRIER:
	POLICY NUMBER:
	CARRIER/AGENT TELEPHONE No.:
7.	IS CONTRACTOR LICENSED/REGISTERED WITH CONTRACTOR LICENSING BOARD?
	YES NO
	IF YES, LICENSE/REGISTRATION No.:
8.	DOES CONTRACTOR HAVE REFERENCES? YES NO
	NAME: PHONE:
	NAME: PHONE:
	NAME: PHONE:
9.	IS CONTRACTOR A BETTER BUSINESS BUREAU MEMBER? YES NO
	IF YES, CITY AND CONTACT INFORMATION: